

## White Paper

## Ultra High-Speed Signal Design, its Innovation and Application to High-end Network Platforms

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With the advent of 5G era, a revolution of telecommunication is taking place in a mega scale never seen before. Huge data volume, along with its required data streaming capacity, has driven to the birth of new generation high-speed, broad-band network equipment. Highspeed signal integrity emerges as one of the major challenges for designing high speed network platforms-how insertion loss, VIA effect, and SSN (Synchronized Switching Noise) of high speed printed circuit board can be minimized and controlled, is the key to perfecting the performance of telecommunication equipment. In light of such necessity, NEXCOM, ITRI (Industrial Technology Research Institute), FHT (First Hi-Tec), and TUC (Taiwan Union Technology Corp.) have partnered up to co-develop new technology to overcome such challenge of high-speed signaling.

This 4-party alliance has introduced a new type of 'Ultra Low Loss' material called TUC3, whereas the Insertion loss can reach as minimal as -0.57dB/inch @25Gbps (Figure 1). Another brainchild, named Coaxial VIA (as shown in Figure 2

Coaxial VIA Architecture), is an innovative technology that outperforms in signal simulation in which Sdd21 index reads -0.2dB@8GHz, -0.3dB@12.5GHz and -1.2dB@28GHz ,respectively, while the same index reads 0.3dB@8GHz, 0.5dB@12.5GHz and 1.6dB@28GHz through traditional PTH VIA (Figure 3). In the comparison chart of Coaxial VIA vs PTH (Plating Through Hole) or PTH+ GND VIA, we see the higher the speed transmission, the greater difference in performance and signal integrity (Table 1). It leads us to adopt Coaxial VIA in PCB layout to maintain signal integrity when it comes to high speed signal in general.

The third innovation brought to the world by the team is the embedded capacitor (in red path) layered in PCB FAB as shown in Figure 4, which, if compared with current mainstream SMD type of capacitor (in

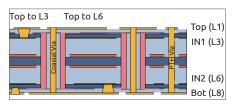


Figure 2. Coaxial VIA stack-up.

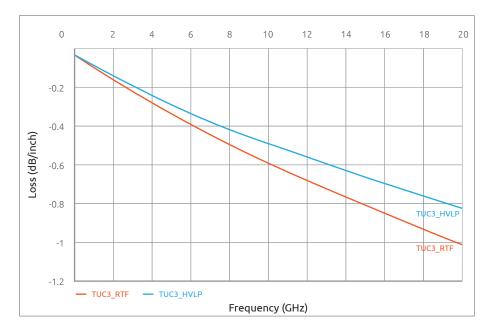
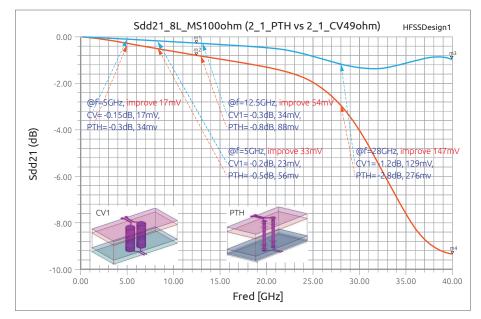


Figure 1. TUC3 correlation of signal speed and insertion loss.

green path), reduces the circuitry traces by 50% and as a result greatly enhances the signal integrity since it cuts down much of the SSN generated by high speed IC chip (such as Mellanox ConnectX-5, etc). (Figure 5) demonstrates the PCB FAB with embedded capacitors whose capacity is 0.01uF @8GHz, resistance @6 Ohm.



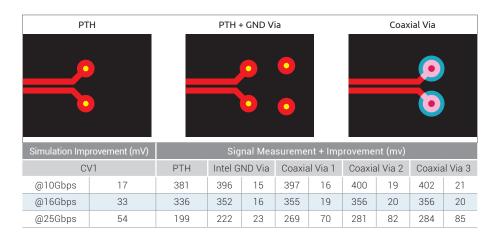
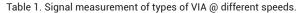
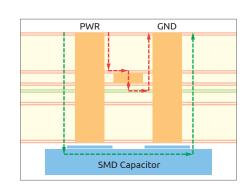


Figure 3. Simulation of Coaxial VIA vs PTH@Sdd21 across different speeds.





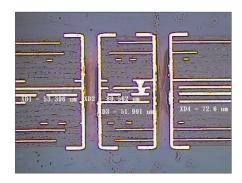


Figure 4. Trace length - embedded capacitor (red) vs SMD capacitor (green).

Figure 5. Cross Section, PCB FAB with embedded capacitors.

NEXCOM has developed a 100G LAN module showcasing the three innovation put together by the alliance (Figure 6). The LAN module supports 100G controller in 2 x100G QSFP28. Port 0 is designed following the 100G IC-maker's design guideline, using PTH+GMD VIA and high speed signal circuitry compliant to 3" length limitation;

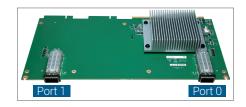


Figure 6. 100G LAN module snapshot.

Meanwhile, the design of Port 1 is built on above 3 innovative technology, thus allowing the high speed signal to extend the length up to 14" (Figure 7). During the validation of IEEE conformance test, Port 1 QSFP28 of this 100G LAN module meets perfectly IEEE 802.3bm requirements as shown in the Eye Diagram (Figure. 8).

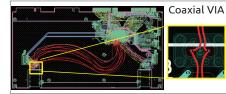


Figure 7. 100G LAN module PCB layout.

npoc240		Port No.	Eye Height (95mV)	Eye width (17.84ps)	Jitter	Pass/Fail
TUC-3, 14inch Port 0 (14*)	Sample A	TX1	142	20	18.7	PASS
		TX2	117	19.6	18.6	PASS
		TX3	142.6	22.1	17.3	PASS
		TX4	129.8	21	17.3	PASS
	Sample B	TX1	176.6	18.4	18.1	PASS
		TX2	140.4	20.7	20.1	PASS
		TX3	189.4	22.4	16.8	PASS
		TX4	174.5	20.5	16.7	PASS
	Sample C	TX1	158.1	22.1	15.5	PASS
		TX2	155.3	18.5	19.9	PASS
		TX3	170.2	22.1	17.7	PASS
		TX4	136.2	18.1	16.7	PASS
	Aver	age	153.6	20.4	17.8	PASS

Figure 8. Readings of eye diagram, port 1, 100G LAN module.

This card, when installed in Intel Purley Platform NEXCOM NSA 7146, and runs under NEXCOM's own DPDK, we witness impressive figures of throughput (Table 2). We achieve this without any addition of repeaters, re-timers and any other active component to safeguard its signal integrity and maintain the desired performance. This 100G LAN module marks a milestone, a true breakthrough in high speed signal design.

Frame Size	Throughput	% 100gb/s	
512B	1,330,474,624/1,255,701,950	94.38	
1024B	718,385,872/718,385,872	100	
1280B	576,907,231/576,907,231	100	
1518B	487,646,294/487,646,294	100	

Table 2. Throughput, port 1, 100G LAN module.



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